

CO-CREATION WORK WITH DISADVANTAGED STUDENTS

This is a short guide to help you as you consider collaborating with students in order to gain understanding of their perspectives and to co-develop tailored careers & employability provision. The first part of this guide outlines our thinking on the approach, whilst the second section offers practical suggestions on recruitment and support of Co-Creation interns. We hope that this guidance will support you in your work as you partner with students.

1. APPROACHING CO-CREATION

Why Co-Create with disadvantaged students?

- To gain in-depth understanding of their perspectives, fears, challenges and experiences
- To develop careers and employability provision that is aligned to their needs and wants
- To go beyond tokenism and to truly collaborate to develop tailored resources
- To provide opportunities for these students to recognise their expertise and to fully realise their potential
- To challenge current internal and external structural barriers which may exist and in doing so, to seek to empower disadvantaged students.

What should be included in a Co-Creation approach?

- It is important that students are paid for their time collaborating with you – this is a way that you can communicate the value of their perspectives and contributions
- Seek to be clear about the purpose of the Co-Creation role: unlike other roles within the university, this will require them to be honest about their perspectives and they will be involved with leading the work
- From the start, aim to remove (or at least, reduce) the power imbalance that exists (due to the nature of your different roles as university staff and students). This can be a challenge but true collaboration does require a move away from the usual roles, to viewing each other as partners, each with different contributions to make
- The power imbalance can be lessened by approaching the collaboration with no set agenda. Instead, come with questions: What do they see as their needs, relating to career and employability development? What are their perceived challenges? What tailored support might be helpful? Are there ways in which the careers and

employability service could advocate on their behalf?

- Once there has been some in-depth consideration of the above questions, identify the next steps together; this is likely to involve further research (perhaps involving exploration of good practice, perhaps including focus groups of other disadvantaged students facilitated by the Co-Creation students, to obtain a broader understanding of challenges, needs and possible solutions)
- Seek opportunities to empower the Co-Creation students, for example by inviting them to share their perspectives at staff training days, to co-present with you at conferences or to join institutional action groups where their voices will be heard.

Some thoughts to consider...

- A potential issue is the discomfort people may feel as a result of seeking to remove the power imbalance and providing everyone with equal control. For the students, this can be unnerving and feel quite unstructured and 'vague'. For careers practitioners, this experience can feel nerve-wracking, as entering into a partnership with no defined plan is an unusual approach. However, this discomfort is usually a short-lived experience, because this freedom tends to allow the students to develop a confidence and enthusiasm that leads to a positive and successful co-creation project
- Being treated as equals may be a new experience for the students, so some may be daunted at first. You may find that they need regular reassurance, and reminders that you view their perspectives as valuable
- Whilst freedom to develop ideas and co-create resources is the essence of this approach, we have found that some structure is important, to avoid students working on ideas which are beyond the scope of what is possible to achieve within the project. Regular (e.g. weekly) checkins are helpful in achieving this.

2. PRACTICAL TIPS FOR CO CREATION INTERNSHIP RECRUITMENT AND SUPPORT

Recruitment Process

- In your advertisement for the role, use clear language and highlight that lived experience and willingness to share their views on all matters related to careers and employability are the most important qualities. If possible, do not ask for other skills or experience (these students may have experienced barriers to employment and so you may unwittingly screen out ideal candidates if you add other requirements)
- Ensure all elements are clear from the beginning; including duration of the internship (if possible, allow flexibility in length of internship, as some Co-Creation students may only be able to work a certain number of hours per day/week). Similarly, offer clarity and detail about the stages of the recruitment process
- Anticipate possible challenges in the recruitment process and offer alternatives (e.g. ask for a statement of interest instead of a CV, or if your recruitment systems requires a CV offer support beforehand with this). Provide contact details in case an applicant wishes to discuss adjustments
- Consider ways you can promote your opportunity that will reach the students you are keen to recruit (e.g. promoting via your institution's care experienced students lead, the disability team, in addition to your usual promotion channels)
- When shortlisting candidates, use a scoring grid aligned to job description (example of disability Co-Creation interns scoring grid)
- If you are interviewing, provide full questions in writing beforehand (example of disability Co-Creation interview questions). We previously tried giving an overview of what the questions might entail, but this was too vague and made it more difficult for some candidates. To ensure accessibility, offer interviews in several formats (in-person and online)
- Recent Co-Creation students identified that it can often be overwhelming to attend unfamiliar buildings for interview and suggested that it would be useful to include a video link, to assist them in getting there; we have now created these videos to use when inviting candidates to interview

If possible, include a diverse panel of interviewers and seek to assess candidates not only for their current abilities but also for their potential for growth.

Onboarding and Support

- If not already covered during pre-start communications, it is important to remove any potential anxiety by dealing first with the practical elements: working days/times, what to do if ill, etc.
- As described overleaf, from the beginning seek genuine collaboration and ways to remove the power imbalance by coming with questions rather than a plan. After discussing ideas, jointly identify next steps.
- Encourage open communication and regular check-ins. You may want to offer a regular team meeting on the same day/time as well as individual meetings. Seek to build a supportive atmosphere where Co-Creation students feel comfortable seeking assistance and asking questions.
- Identify the best way to share information and resources (we created a new Teams channel for Co-Creation students to communicate and upload things they had been working on)
- If they feel comfortable, encourage the Co-Creation students to lead on projects, whilst you provide support if needed. This is something that is likely to occur in the later stages of the collaboration, once confidence has grown.

At the end of the project

- Arrange a final meeting to celebrate achievements and have a conversation about their next steps.
- See if they would like employability-related further support – e.g. we have found that Co-Creation students value support with articulating what they have done on their CVs.
- Ask if they would be willing to participate in any upcoming events, staff meetings or conferences to share their experiences and what has been achieved through the collaboration.
- Seek feedback from the Co-Creation students, so you can learn from their experiences of working with you.



If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact us!

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